

BEGIN — July 9, 1961

30.24-1129

A11

SOVIET BUDGET (450)
BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW, JULY 9 (AP)—THE SOVIET UNION GAVE A SPECTACULAR DISPLAY OF ITS AIR MIGHT AT TUSHINO AIRFIELD TODAY. IT SHOWED A BEWILDERING VARIETY OF NEW CRAFT RANGING FROM TWO SUPERSONIC JET BOMBERS TO A GIANT HELICOPTER THAT CAN CARRY A HOUSE.

PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AND COSMONAUT YURI GAGARIN WATCHED SIDE BY SIDE. DIPLOMAT'S IN THE STANDS SPECULATED THAT THE POWER DISPLAY, THE FIRST SOVIET AIR FORCE SHOW SINCE 1958, WAS INTENDED TO INFLUENCE THE RAPIDLY DEVELOPING BERLIN CRISIS.

"A VERY IMPRESSIVE SHOW," SAID THE U.S. AIR ATTACHE, COL. MELVIN NEILSEN. "IT'S EVIDENT THE RUSSIANS HAVE CONTINUED WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF ALL CLASSES OF AIRCRAFT."

WESTERN EXPERTS SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS NOTHING TO MATCH SEVERAL THINGS, INCLUDING A JET FIGHTER THAT CAN LIGHT UP A LIQUID ROCKET ENGINE BOOSTER IN FLIGHT TO GIVE IT A TREMENDOUS RATE OF CLIMB.

THESE OBSERVERS SAID THE AIR PARADE SHOWED THE SOVIET UNION IS NOT PUTTING ALL ITS FAITH IN LONG-RANGE MISSILES.

INSTEAD OF CONVENTIONAL CANNON, THE FIGHTERS CARRIED AIR-TO-AIR ROCKETS. THE LATEST BOMBERS WERE ARMED WITH AIR-TO-SURFACE MISSILES INSTEAD OF BOMBS.

A DELTA WING BOMBER, WHICH THE ANNOUNCER SAID HAD A SPEED SEVERAL TIMES THAT OF SOUND, WAS THE MOST SPECTACULAR PLANE SHOWN PUBLICLY FOR THE FIRST TIME.

IT HAD FOUR JETS, TWO ON THE WING TIPS AND TWO INBOARD BELOW THE WINGS. IT LOOKED BIGGER THAN THE U.S. B52, WHICH HAS EIGHT ENGINES, AND IT DWARFED A FIGHTER PLANE SHOWN WITH IT.

RUNNING THE DELTA A CLOSE SECOND IN INTEREST FOR WATCHING WESTERN AIR ATTACHES WAS A FLYPAST OF 10 HEAVY SUPERSONIC BOMBERS.

THIS NEW MODEL WAS ALSO BEING SHOWN PUBLICLY FOR THE FIRST TIME. IT'S TWO ENGINES WERE MOUNTED ON THE REAR ATOP THE LONG AND SLENDER FUSELAGE. IT HAD HIGH SWEPT WINGS. IT WAS COMPARABLE IN SIZE TO THE AMERICAN B58, WHOSE PUBLICLY ADMITTED SPEED IS 1,500 MILES PER HOUR.

THE PILOT OF THE JET FIGHTER WITH THE LIQUID ROCKET ENGINE LIT UP THIS AUXILIARY JUST AS HE PASSED THE GOVERNMENT REVIEWING STAND. THE PLANE, DELTA-WINGED, SHOT UP INTO THE CLOUDS IN A MATTER OF SECONDS.

THERE WERE THREE OTHER DISPLAYS OF NEW DELTA WING FIGHTERS, ALL OF WHICH CARRIED AIR-TO-AIR ROCKETS.

THE RUSSIANS SHOWED FOUR EDITIONS OF A NEW JET AMPHIBIOUS PLANE.

ANOTHER NOVELTY WAS SOMETHING BILLED IN ADVANCE AS A VERTICAL TAKE OFF PLANE IN THE SENSE THE PHRASE IS USED IN THE WEST, SINCE IT DID NOT DEPEND ON A JET THRUST TO GET INTO THE AIR. IT WAS HALF-WAY BETWEEN AN AIRPLANE AND A HELICOPTER--THE PROGRAM CALLED IT A "SCREW WING PLANE."

TWO ENGINES WERE MOUNTED AT THE END OF EACH WING. IN ADDITION IT HAD TWO ROTORS ATOP EACH WING. IT WAS EXTREMELY MANEUVERABLE AND COULD BE USED TO CARRY EITHER FREIGHT OR TROOPS.

ALSO SHOWN FOR THE FIRST TIME WAS A THREE-TAILED JET-POWERED HELICOPTER WHICH LANDED ON THE GRASS FIELD AND UNLOADED A CARGO OF ROCKETS.

A HUGE HELICOPTER APPEARED CARRYING UNDER ITS BELLY A WOODEN HOUSE WHICH IT LANDED ON THE FIELD. THE HOUSE WAS ABOUT THE SIZE OF THE BIGGEST CAR TRAILER BUILT IN THE UNITED STATES. THIS PARTICULAR HELICOPTER IS RATED AS CAPABLE OF CARRYING 180 MEN.

THE HELICOPTER PHASE OF THE SHOW OPENED WITH A CROWD-PLEASING FLYPAST OF 15 WHIRLYBIRDS EACH WITH A TRAPEZE MOUNTED UNDERNEATH ON WHICH A PRETTY GIRL WAS POSED. EACH GIRL WAS DRESSED IN THE NATIONAL COSTUME OF ONE OF THE 15 SOVIET REPUBLICS.

THEN CAME FOUR HELICOPTERS CARRYING MODELS OF THE VARIOUS SOVIET SPUTNIKS INCLUDING ONE OF THE VOSTOK, IN WHICH GAGARIN TRAVELED IN SPACE.

FOR THE 50,000 PEOPLE AT THE SHOW, THE AERIAL CHORUS LINE AND A MASS DROP OF 600 MEN IN BRIGHTLY COLORED PARACHUTES WERE THE MOST POPULAR FEATURES.

THE DAY WAS BRIGHT AND SUNNY WITH TEMPERATURES IN THE 80'S ALTHOUGH THERE WERE ENOUGH SCATTERED CLOUDS FOR THE HIGH FLYING JETS TO DO DISAPPEARING ACTS.

THERE WAS A FLYPAST OF 16 TURBOPROP BOMBERS CALLED BEAR, THE MILITARY VERSION OF THE TU114. THIS IS THE GIANT PLANE IN WHICH KHRUSHCHEV FLEW TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1959. THE BOMBERS CARRIED ORANGE COLORED AIR-TO-SURFACE MISSILES BENEATH THEIR WINGS.

THERE WERE 15 TWINJET BADGER BOMBERS, THE MILITARY VERSION OF THE TU104 CIVIL AIRLINER, WHICH ALSO CARRIED AIR-TO-SURFACE GUIDED MISSILES. THESE MISSILES HAVE A RANGE OF HUNDREDS OF MILES AND COULD EASILY HAVE NUCLEAR WARHEADS, WESTERN EXPERTS SAID.

THIS WAS THE FIRST TIME THE SOVIET UNION HAD PUBLICLY DISPLAYED SUPERSONIC BOMBERS, BUT WESTERN AUTHORITIES HAD ASSUMED IT HAD THEM.

THE AIR PARADE, WHICH WAS COMMANDED BY AIR MARSHAL KONSTANTIN VERSHININ, CULMINATED IN AN AIR SALUTE--A SALVO OF BANGS PRODUCED BY JETS BREAKING THE SOUND BARRIER.

MARSHAL VERSHININ SAID IN AN AVIATION DAY ARTICLE IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA THAT MANY OF THE SOVIET AIR FORCE'S JETS HAVE NO EQUAL IN THE WORLD FOR SPEED, ALTITUDE AND RANGE OF FLIGHT.

IN A SIMILAR VEIN, SPACEMAN GAGARIN URGED YOUNG RUSSIANS IN AN ARTICLE IN KOMSOMOL PRAVDA, THE COMMUNIST YOUTH NEWSPAPER, TO CHOOSE AVIATION AS A PROFESSION. HE WROTE: "THE WORLD'S BEST, MOST POWERFUL MACHINES ARE WAITING FOR YOU."

RQ-MG349PED

146WX (ADVANCES)

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 PM EST, SUNDAY JULY 9. NOTE DATE

(400) NORSTAD-NATO

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JULY 9 (AP)—THE COMMANDER OF ALLIED FORCES IN EUROPE HOLDS THAT NOW IS THE TIME FOR A QUIET BUILDING OF STRENGTH "THAT WOULD GO A LONG WAY TOWARD PASSING THE BERLIN BALL BACK TO MR. KHRUSHCHEV."

GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD TOLD THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE IN TESTIMONY MADE PUBLIC TODAY THAT NATO ALLIANCE UNITS COULD NOW "RENDER A VERY GOOD ACCOUNT OF THEMSELVES" FOR A LIMITED PERIOD OF TIME.

ALTHOUGH HE CONSIDERS HIS FORCES INADEQUATE TO CARRY "THE FULL BURDEN OF THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES," THE ALLIANCE COMMANDER SAID HE IS SURE THEY ARE A FACTOR IN THE RUSSIAN THINKING ABOUT WHAT TO DO ABOUT BERLIN.

THE GENERAL SAID THE COMMUNIST BLOC HAD 126 GROUND DIVISIONS AND 12,000 AIRCRAFT WEST OF THE URAL MOUNTAINS "THAT MIGHT BE USED AGAINST US."

RESPONDING TO COMMITTEE QUESTIONS, THE GENERAL SAID SPAIN IS A "SUBSTANTIAL AREA IN THE MIDST OF THE ATLANTIC COMMUNITY," AND "I SUBSCRIBE TO THE PRINCIPLE THAT SPAIN WILL TEND TO COMPLETE THE ATLANTIC COMMUNITY."

NORSTAD ADDED "THERE ARE STILL OBJECTIONS ON THE PART OF SOME PEOPLE" TO NATO MEMBERSHIP FOR SPAIN AND THAT "THERE APPEARS TO BE NO OVERRIDING URGENCY TO INTRODUCE SPAIN INTO THE ALLIANCE FOR THE PURPOSE OF FURTHER MILITARY CONTRIBUTIONS AT THIS TIME."

THE CENSORED TESTIMONY REVEALED THESE NORSTAD ESTIMATES ON NATO FORCES:

THE U.S. 7TH ARMY--"DAMNED GOOD," A FORCE HE WOULD "STACK UP AGAINST ANYONE"; THE "BEST ARMY FORCE THE UNITED STATES HAS EVER MAINTAINED IN PEACE."

THE CANADIAN FORCE--"RATHER SMALL" BUT "FIRST CLASS." WEST GERMANY'S SEVEN OR EIGHT DIVISIONS--NOT FULLY MANNED OR EQUIPPED, BUT "THEY WILL BE FIRST CLASS UNITS....EQUIPPED AT LEAST AS WELL AS THE AMERICAN DIVISIONS."

THE NETHERLANDS--"THEY ARE VERY DETERMINED PEOPLE AND THEY ARE FULL AND ACTIVE PARTNERS IN THE ALLIANCE, AS SMALL AS THEY ARE." DENMARK--NEEDS THE ADDITIONAL AIRCRAFT PROVIDED IN THE NEW MILITARY AID PROGRAM TO DEFEND HER "KEY POSITION....AND CONTROL ALL OF THE BALTIC EXITS."

PORTUGAL--ITS FORCES "CONSTITUTE A RESERVE, A REINFORCEMENT WHICH COULD BE VERY IMPORTANT."

NORWAY--MAKES A "POWERFUL MILITARY CONTRIBUTION" IF FOR NO OTHER REASON THAN IT IS A "SMALL COUNTRY THAT HAS THE STRENGTH, CONFIDENCE AND DIGNITY TO STAND UP TO RUSSIA."

BELGIUM--"QUITE A SUBSTANTIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE ALLIANCE," BUT IT MAY TAKE FROM TWO TO FIVE YEARS TO WORK OUT PROBLEMS RESULTING FROM THEIR WITHDRAWAL FROM THE CONGO.

ITALY--SUPPORTS "QUITE A SUBSTANTIAL FORCE AND ESSENTIALLY ALL OF IT IS COMMITTED" TO THE ALLIANCE.

GREECE--FORCES ARE "REALLY FIRST CLASS," BUT THEY NEED MONEY.

TURKEY--NATO'S "ANCHOR" AND THE TURKS "MAKE VERY GOOD SOLDIERS." THEY HAVE ARGUED FOR YEARS FOR LARGER FORCES OF ALL KINDS, BUT "IT IS A FACT OF LIFE" THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD "HAVE TO PAY FOR ALMOST EVERYTHING."

THE PUBLISHED TESTIMONY CONTAINED NO COMMENTS ON THE FORCES OF BRITAIN, FRANCE AND LUXEMBOURG.

(END ADVANCE FOR 5:30 PM, SUNDAY JULY 9--NOTE DATE--SENT JULY 8)
SR1007PED

A19

BERLIN MOOD BUDGET (450)
BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, JULY 9 (AP)--THIS IS ONE PLACE WHERE YOU DON'T HEAR MUCH ABOUT THE BERLIN CRISIS.

AN AMERICAN AIRLINE PILOT, WHO LIVES IN BERLIN, COMMENTS: "WHEN I'M IN THE STATES AND START TO READ ABOUT BERLIN, I GET WORRIED ABOUT THE WIFE AND KIDS AND THINK I OUGHT TO GET BACK TO THEM. WHEN I GET HERE, I FIND NOBODY'S WORRIED."

THE AVERAGE BERLINER ISN'T CONCERNED. PARTLY IT'S BOREDOM--"WE'VE BEEN THROUGH ALL THIS BEFORE"--PARTLY IT'S A FEELING OF BEING IN THE EYE OF THE HURRICANE--"THEY WOULDN'T BOMB BERLIN FOR FEAR OF HITTING THEIR OWN PEOPLE."

WHATEVER IMPRESSIONS ARE GIVEN BY ACCOUNTS OF THE CRISIS FROM OTHER PLACES, YOU DON'T SEE TANKS AND MACHINE GUN NESTS ON THE STREETS OF BERLIN. THE SUN FINALLY CAME OUT THIS AFTERNOON, AND I SPENT A LITTLE WHILE LEANING OUT THE OFFICE WINDOW. IT'S ON THE KURFUESTENDAMM, WEST BERLIN'S MAIN STREET.

THE ONLY SIGN OF MILITARY CONFLICT I COULD SEE WAS A PAIR OF FRENCH NONCOMS, STROLLING ARM IN ARM AND ADMIRING THE GIRLS IN THEIR SUMMER DRESSES.

IT WAS COOL AND OVERCAST THIS MORNING, AND A LOT OF BERLINERS DECIDED TO GO FOR A BRISK WALK IN THE GRUNEWALD. THE GRUNEWALD IS A BIG NATURAL PARK ON THE EDGE OF TOWN, USED PARTLY BY WESTERN TROOPS FOR TRAINING, BUT MOSTLY BY SUNDAY STROLLERS.

THEN THE SUN CAME OUT FOR A FEW MINUTES AND A LOT OF PEOPLE BEGAN THINKING ABOUT THE BEACH. THE WANNSEE IS A SIZEABLE LAKE ON THE EDGE OF THE GRUNEWALD. THE SWIMMING ISN'T TOO GOOD AND THE BEACHES ARE CROWDED, BUT THE SCENERY IS PRETTY AND SO ARE THE BIKINIS.

AT THAT POINT, THE RAIN CAME.

I HAD STARTED FOR THE OFFICE JUST BEFORE, AND RAN INTO A NEIGHBOR WHO WAS PULLING CRABGRASS FROM THE CRACKS IN THE SIDEWALK IN FRONT OF HIS HOUSE.

"IF YOU'RE GOING TO WRITE ANYTHING ABOUT THE WEATHER," HE REMARKED, "YOU KNOW WHAT YOU CAN SAY. BUT THEN NOBODY WOULD PRINT THAT KIND OF LANGUAGE."

THE NEWSPAPERS WERE FULL OF PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S LATEST SPEECH, BUT PEOPLE DIDN'T FIND THAT TOO IMPRESSIVE EITHER.

"IF HE WANTS TO SPEND MORE ON HIS ARMY," SAID ONE BERLINER, "HE DOESN'T HAVE TO TELL ANYBODY. IF HE MAKES A NOISE ABOUT IT, IT'S JUST BECAUSE HE'S TRYING TO SCARE PEOPLE."

MY CAB DRIVER TURNED OUT TO BE AN ITALIAN. HE HAD LEFT GENOA BECAUSE HE COULDN'T FIND WORK.

"ANY PLACE IS ALL RIGHT WITH ME, AS LONG AS I CAN HAVE A QUIET LIFE AND EARN MY LIVING," HE SAID.

I ASKED IF HE HAD PICKED BERLIN BECAUSE IT WAS SO QUIET. "WELL, IT HASN'T BEEN SO BAD," HE REPLIED.

"1939," HE SAID.

QR123PED

EAST GERMAN BUDGET (500)

BERLIN, JULY 9 (AP)--THE RULERS OF EAST GERMANY TODAY DISCLOSED NEW MOVES IN THEIR DRIVE TO SAFEGUARD THEMSELVES AGAINST TRADE REPRISALS FROM THE WEST FOR ANY MOVE THE COMMUNISTS MAY MAKE AGAINST WEST BERLIN.

THE EAST BERLIN PRESS PUBLISHED A DEMAND FROM PAUL VERNER, HEAD OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY ORGANIZATION IN THE CITY, FOR MEASURES AGAINST PEOPLE WHO WORK IN WEST BERLIN AND LIVE IN EAST BERLIN. IN COMMUNIST EYES, THESE PEOPLE ARE A DRAIN ON THE EAST GERMANY ECONOMY.

"RIGHTLY, THE MAJORITY OF OUR PEOPLE DEMAND THAT THIS ABNORMAL SITUATION BE CHANGED," SAID VERNER, "AND REQUIRE THAT DECREES BE ISSUED AGAINST THE BORDER CROSSERS."

THE COMMUNISTS ALREADY HAVE TAKEN MEASURES AGAINST THEM: THEY WERE WARNED THEY MUST GET OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN PERMISSION BEFORE THEY CAN TAKE A WEST BERLIN JOB, THEY HAVE BEEN TOLD THEY CANNOT HAVE NEW APARTMENTS IN EAST BERLIN, AND THEY HAVE BEEN FORBIDDEN TO BUY SUCH EXPENSIVE ITEMS AS CARS, TV SETS AND ELECTRIC ICEBOXES.

ALSO PUBLISHED TODAY WAS A SHARPLY CRITICAL REPORT BY A POLITBURO MEMBER ON THE PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ALMOST EVERYTHING IN EAST GERMANY FROM MACHINE TOOLS TO DIAPERS.

ERIC HONECKER, WHO IS ALSO A TOP LEADER OF THE COMMUNIST YOUTH MOVEMENT, EMPHASIZED THE NEED FOR CHANGES IN THE EAST GERMAN ECONOMY TO MEET THE POSSIBILITY OF TRADE MEASURES IN THE WEST. HE CALLED FOR:

1. GETTING AS MUCH STEEL AND OTHER RAW MATERIALS AS POSSIBLE FROM EAST GERMANY'S OWN RESOURCES AND FROM THE SOVIET BLOC.
2. CONVERSION OF INDUSTRY SO THAT RAW MATERIALS ARE MORE ECONOMICALLY USED.
3. MORE STANDARDIZATION AND LIMITATION OF A VARIETY OF PRODUCTS.
4. EMPHASIS ON PRODUCTION FOR EXPORT TO THE SOVIETS.

ALTHOUGH HONECKER DID NOT CLEARLY SAY SO, THESE CHANGES INDICATE THE CONSUMER IN EAST GERMANY IS GOING TO GET FEWER GOODS AND LESS VARIETY THAN HE WANTS.

HONECKER CLAIMED EAST GERMAN INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION WAS 5.3 PER CENT HIGHER IN THE FIRST FIVE MONTHS OF THIS YEAR THAN IT WAS LAST YEAR. BUT HE DEVOTED MOST OF HIS SPEECH TO CASTIGATING INDUSTRY FOR BAD PERFORMANCE.

BUT HE DIDN'T CONSIDER THIS "AN OVERWHELMING MASS" MAKING THE ALLIES' JOB HOPELESS. HE NOTED THAT MANY OF THE RED AIRCRAFT ARE "LOCKED IN" TO AIR DEFENSE AREAS. AND HE SAID THERE COULD BE A QUESTION OF THE POLITICAL RELIABILITY OF RUSSIAN SATELLITE FORCES.

HE DENOUNCED COMMUNIST OFFICIALS FOR EXCUSING THEMSELVES ON THE BASIS OF WHAT THEY CALL "OBJECTIVE DIFFICULTIES"--ROUGHLY EQUIVALENT TO WHAT WESTERNERS MIGHT CALL "ACTS OF GOD." "IS IT A MATTER OF OBJECTIVE DIFFICULTY?" HE ASKED INDIGNANTLY. "WHEN THE SHOPS IN SOME DISTRICTS MAKE FALSE ESTIMATES OF THE NEED FOR DIAPERS AND THUS CAUSE DISORDERS IN SUPPLY?" AMONG THE DEMANDS MADE BY THE POLITBURO, HE SAID, IS "ZEALOUS LEADERSHIP WORK IN THE FIELD OF PROPAGANDA." --SASH--

MUNICH, GERMANY, JULY 9 (AP)-CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER ASSURED HIS FELLOW WEST GERMANS TODAY THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION STANDS RESOLUTELY AT THEIR SIDE DURING ANY EAST-WEST DISTURBANCES CONCERNING IMPERILED BERLIN.

"DANGEROUS TIMES ARE AHEAD OF US AND THEY'LL PROBABLY COME TO A HEAD BEFORE THE YEAR IS OUT, BUT I CAN SAY WITH ABSOLUTE CERTAINTY THE NATO POWERS WILL STAND AT OUR SIDE DURING ANY DISTURBANCES," HE DECLARED AT A CONVENTION OF THE CHRISTIAN SOCIALIST UNION, THE BAVARIAN BRANCH OF HIS RULING CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

W1253PED

A63

(420)

BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH

BUERGENSTOCK, SWITZERLAND, JULY 9 (AP)-A GROUP OF WESTERN EXPERTS SAID TODAY THE WEST SHOULD EXPAND AND IMPROVE ITS DEFENSES BECAUSE AN EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT IS UNLIKELY SOON. THE GROUP WAS CONVENED BY THE AMERICAN ASSEMBLY OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FOR A REVIEW OF WESTERN POLICY IN EAST-WEST ARMS CONTROL NEGOTIATION. IT WAS MADE UP OF ABOUT 60 PERSONS--DEFENSE PLANNERS, DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATORS, CHURCH LEADERS AND LAYMEN FROM THE UNITED STATES, CANADA AND 11 WEST EUROPEAN NATIONS.

A FINAL REPORT OF 2,500 WORDS, ISSUED AFTER FOUR DAYS OF DEBATE IN THIS MOUNTAINTOP RESORT, SAID A CONTROLLED DISARMAMENT TREATY MAY BE HUMANITY'S ONLY CHANCE OF SURVIVAL, BUT ADDED:

"UNFORTUNATELY PRESENT TENSIONS MAKE THE CONCLUSION OF FORMAL AGREEMENTS DIFFICULT IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE."

IN THE ABSENCE OF AGREEMENT, THE REPORT SAID, THE WEST SHOULD TAKE MILITARY AND POLITICAL MEASURES TO "UNDERLINE THE DEFENSIVE NATURE OF WESTERN MILITARY PREPARATIONS."

JULES MOCH OF FRANCE DISAGREED STRONGLY WITH THE PROPOSED MILITARY MEASURES. HE TOLD THE CONFERENCE THEY WOULD STIMULATE THE ARMS RACE.

THE REPORT WAS ADOPTED WITHOUT A VOTE, BUT MOCH'S POSITION WAS NOTED. THE REPORT RECOMMENDED:

1. RAPID DEVELOPMENT OF INVULNERABLE WEAPONS SYSTEMS, ACCOMPANIED BY THE ABOLITION OF "VULNERABLE AND PROVOCATIVE SYSTEMS" SUCH AS LONG RANGE BOMBER FLEETS. THE REPORT THEORIZED THIS WOULD "REDUCE TENSIONS ARISING FROM FEAR OF SURPRISE ATTACK."

2. A "CONSIDERABLE IMPROVEMENT IN CONVENTIONAL FORCES TO INCREASE THE FLEXIBILITY OF THE WESTERN RESPONSE TO A THREAT OF WAR" AND REDUCE THE DANGER OF NUCLEAR WAR.

3. "IMPROVEMENTS IN COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS TO LESSEN THE DANGER OF RASH OR UNPREMEDITATED ACTION."

30.24-1131

1981
4. INTEGRATION OF AMERICAN AND WEST EUROPEAN SECURITY POLICY TO AVOID EUROPEAN POWERS SEEKING TO "INFLUENCE THE UNITED STATES BY DEVELOPING NUCLEAR WEAPONS SYSTEMS OF THEIR OWN."

THE REPORT SAID THESE MEASURES WOULD HELP TO INCREASE WORLD STABILITY PENDING A DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT. IT ALSO SUGGESTED CLOSER COORDINATION OF THE WESTERN POWERS' POLICIES ON NON-EUROPEAN QUESTIONS AND GREATER SUPPORT FOR THE PEACE-KEEPING MACHINERY OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

ANOTHER SECTION URGED FURTHER EFFORTS TO REACH AGREEMENT ON HALTING NUCLEAR TESTS, PREVENTING THE PRODUCTION OF FISSIONABLE MATERIALS

FOR MILITARY USE, CONTROLLING THE MEANS OF DELIVERY OF MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS, DEMILITARIZING OUTER SPACE AND PREVENTING SURPRISE ATTACKS.

SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., WAS ONE OF THE PARTICIPANTS. HE LEFT TODAY FOR BERLIN TO CONSULT WITH MILITARY AND POLITICAL LEADERS ON THE NEW CRISIS THREATENING THE DIVIDED CITY.

1981
ML419PED

A66

WITH BUERGENSTOCK (120)

BERLIN, JULY 9 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES HAS OBLIGATIONS AND RIGHTS IN BERLIN AND INTENDS TO ASSUME THEM.

HUMPHREY TOLD NEWSMEN HE DISAGREES WITH A PROPOSAL MADE BY SENATE MAJORITY LEADER, SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD, D-MONT., THAT ALL OF BERLIN--EAST AND WEST--BE MADE A NEUTRAL FREE CITY.

THE MINNESOTA SENATOR SAID HIS TWO-DAY VISIT TO THIS DIVIDED CITY IS UNOFFICIAL BUT THAT HE INTENDS TO DISCUSS HIS FINDINGS WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY WHEN HE RETURNS TO WASHINGTON.

HUMPHREY ARRIVED FROM BUERGENSTOCK, SWITZERLAND, WHERE HE ADDRESSED A COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FORUM OF WESTERN EXPERTS ON DISARMAMENT.

HE WAS MET AT THE AIRPORT BY MAYOR WILLY BRANDT AND E. ALLAN LIGHTNER JR., CHIEF U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL IN BERLIN.

ML438PED

A194 (120)

WINNIPEG, MAN., JULY 9 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER JOHN DIEFENBAKER WARNED RUSSIA TODAY NOT TO UNDERESTIMATE WESTERN DETERMINATION TO MAINTAIN ITS POSITION IN WEST BERLIN.

DIEFENBAKER SAID THAT SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV, BY PRECIPITATING A POLITICAL CRISIS OVER BERLIN, IS EMPLOYING TACTICS THAT COULD LEAD TO WHAT HE CALLED UNWISE COURSES.

HE DID NOT ELABORATE, BUT HE WARNED THAT THE LAST TWO WORLD WARS MIGHT NOT HAVE STARTED HAD THE AGGRESSORS KNOWN THE FREE WORLD'S STRENGTH AND WILL TO RESIST.

DIEFENBAKER, RENEWING A PLEA FOR "UNREMITTING CONCENTRATION" ON WESTERN DEFENSE AND UNITY, CALLED FOR CALM JUDGMENT THAT WILL NOT OVERLOOK THE POSSIBILITIES OF A COMPROMISE WITHOUT APPEASEMENT OVER BERLIN.

THE PRIME MINISTER'S REMARKS WERE CONTAINED IN A SPEECH TO A BANQUET WINDING UP 70TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS OF THE UKRAINIAN SETTLEMENT IN CANADA.

ML835PED

A48

(400)

TOKYO, JULY 9 (AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER CHEN YI OF COMMUNIST CHINA DECLARED TODAY RED CHINA WILL "ABIDE BY THE 1957 MOSCOW DECLARATION AND THE 1960 MOSCOW STATEMENT," THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY REPORTED.

CHEN YI'S STATEMENT SEEMED TO BE AN ANSWER TO WORLDWIDE REPORTS THAT THERE IS A SERIOUS RIFT BETWEEN MOSCOW AND PEIPING ON MATTERS OF PARTY DOCTRINE.

BY THE 1957 MOSCOW DECLARATION CHEN YI PRESUMABLY REFERRED TO A PEACE MANIFESTO SIGNED BY THE COMMUNIST PARTIES OF 64 NATIONS ENDORSING

SOVIET POLICIES. THE 1960 STATEMENT CALLED FOR AN END TO AN IDEOLOGICAL QUARREL IN WHICH THE CHINESE INSISTED ON THE NEED FOR FORCIBLE EXPORT OF COMMUNISM TO CAPITALIST LANDS AND THE INEVITABILITY OF WAR AS AGAINST THE SOVIET IDEA THAT COMMUNISM WILL WIN THE WORLD WITHOUT WAR.

ADDRESSING A RALLY IN PEIPING MARKING THE 40TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MONGOLIAN PEOPLE'S REVOLUTION, CHEN YI SAID:

"THE CHINESE PEOPLE WILL UNSWERVINGLY ADHERE TO MARXISM-LENINISM AND PROLETARIAN INTERNATIONALISM, ABIDE BY THE 1957 MOSCOW DECLARATION AND THE 1960 MOSCOW STATEMENT, FOREVER CLOSELY UNITE WITH THE FRATERNAL MONGOLIAN PEOPLE AND THE PEOPLES OF THE SOVIET UNION AND OF OTHER SOCIALIST COUNTRIES AND STRUGGLE FOR NEW VICTORIES IN OUR COMMON CAUSE."

"CHINA WILL FIRMLY ADHERE TO A PEACEFUL FOREIGN POLICY AND MAKE DUE CONTRIBUTION TO THE FIGHT AGAINST THE AGGRESSIVE AND WAR POLICY OF THE IMPERIALISTS AND TO THE PRESERVATION OF WORLD PEACE."

HE COMBINED A DENUNCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES WITH PRAISE FOR COMMUNIST OUTER MONGOLIA. WASHINGTON IS CONSIDERING THE IDEA OF GIVING DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION TO OUTER MONGOLIA, A FORMER CHINESE PROVINCE WHICH WON INDEPENDENCE WITH THE HELP OF SOVIET TROOPS IN JULY 1921 AND THE NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY BROADCAST THIS STATEMENT BY CHEN:

"THEY ARE, ON THE OTHER HAND, MAKING A PEACE GESTURE, ATTEMPTING TO PARALYZE THE FIGHTING WILL OF THE PEOPLES, WHILE ON THE OTHER THEY ARE CONTINUOUSLY INSTIGATING AGGRESSIVE LOCAL WARS, IN AN ENDEAVOR TO STRIKE BACK AGAINST THE PEOPLES WHO ARE FIGHTING FOR THEIR LIBERATION," CHEN SAID.

THE FOREIGN MINISTER RECENTLY RETURNED FROM GENEVA, WHERE HE HELPED TO PRESENT THE COMMUNIST SIDE AT THE 14-NATION CONFERENCE ON LAOS.

THE PEIPING RALLY WAS ATTENDED BY PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI.

CHEN PRAISED OUTER MONGOLIA'S ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE MONGOLIAN PEOPLE "WILL MAKE NEW CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE ENHANCEMENT OF THE STRENGTH OF THE SOCIALIST CAMP AND TO THE DEFENSE OF WORLD PEACE."

PEIPING ANNOUNCED THAT POLAND'S PREMIER JOSEF CYRANKIEWICZ AND COMMUNIST CHIEF WŁADYSŁAW GOMULKÀ ARRIVED TODAY IN ULAN BATOR, OUTER MONGOLIA'S CAPITAL, TO TAKE PART IN THE ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION. THEY MADE THE TRIP BY WAY OF MOSCOW.

R333PED

A84

WITH TOKYO, A48

MOSCOW, JULY 9 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION APPARENTLY HAS GIVEN ITS APPROVAL TO COMMUNIST OUTER MONGOLIA ESTABLISHING DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES.

MONGOLIAN EMBASSY COUNSELLOR J. KISHIZHGE TOLD NEWSMEN THIS WEEKEND THE U.S. GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN INFORMED OF SUCH APPROVAL. MONGOLIAN AMBASSADOR SONOMYN LUVSAN HELD CONVERSATIONS WITH U.S. CHARGE D'AFFAIRES EDWARD L. FREERS LAST MONTH. HE PRESUMABLY GAVE THE WORD TO FREERS.

BEFORE FREERS LEFT MOSCOW FOR REASSIGNMENT, HE TOLD NEWSMEN HE COULD NOT DISCUSS HIS TALKS WITH LUVSAN. DIPLOMATS HERE REGARDED IT AS SIGNIFICANT THAT WORD OF THE

MONGOLIAN DECISION WAS GIVEN TO WESTERN NEWSMEN IN THE SOVIET CAPITAL. THEY SAID SUCH A STATEMENT NEVER WOULD HAVE BEEN MADE HERE WITHOUT FULL APPROVAL OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT.

THE REMOTE ASIAN REPUBLIC NOW HAS NO ESTABLISHED TIES WITH ANY NON-COMMUNIST NATION. WASHINGTON IS CONSIDERING THE IDEA OF DIPLOMATICALLY RECOGNIZING IT.

ML619PED

A104

(190)

ATHENS, JULY 9 (AP)-GREECE BECAME AN ASSOCIATE MEMBER OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY (EEC) TODAY, THUS LINKING HER ECONOMIC FUTURE WITH FRANCE, ITALY, GERMANY, BELGIUM, LUXEMBOURG AND HOLLAND.

AFTER A TREATY-SIGNING CEREMONY IN PARLIAMENT'S HALL OF TROPHIES, PRIME MINISTER CONSTANTINE CARAMANLIS PREDICTED THE DAY IS COMING WHEN "ALL THE FREE EUROPEAN PEOPLES, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, WILL BE EMBRACED IN A UNIFIED EUROPE."

THE EEC, OR COMMON MARKET, AS IT IS CALLED, PROVIDES FOR CLOSE COOPERATION AMONG THE SIX MEMBER NATIONS ON TRADE, TARIFFS AND ECONOMIC POLICIES.

GREECE, AN AGRICULTURAL NATION, FEARS IMMEDIATE AND STRONG COMPETITION WITH THE SIX INDUSTRIALIZED MEMBERS AND WILL LOWER HER TRADE BARRIERS SLOWLY.

THE TREATY CALLS FOR A 22-YEAR TRANSITION PERIOD ON MANUFACTURED GOODS AND 12 YEARS ON OTHER PRODUCTS. FORTY PER CENT OF EEC TRADE WITH GREECE NOW IS IN MANUFACTURED GOODS.

THE TREATY MUST BE RATIFIED BY THE PARLIAMENTS OF GREECE AND THE SIX EEC MEMBER NATIONS.

GREEK OFFICIALS AND THE ATHENS PRESS, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE LEFTIST NEWSPAPER AVGHI, HAILED THE TREATY AS A MILESTONE IN MODERN GREECE'S HISTORY. AVGHI BRANDED THE AGREEMENT AS A STEP TOWARD DOMINATION OF GREECE BY FOREIGN IMPERIALISTS.

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End - July 9, 1961